

Website Vulnerability Scanner Report

✓ https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/login

Summary





Scan information:

Start time: Oct 01, 2024 / 10:25:27 UTC+01
Finish time: Oct 01, 2024 / 11:26:48 UTC+01

Scan duration: 1 hrs, 1 min, 21 sec

Tests performed: 74/74
Scan status: Finished

Findings

Vulnerabilities found for server-side software



Risk Level	cvss	CVE	Summary	Affected software
•	6.4	CVE-2024-6484	Bootstrap Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerability. More details at: https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-9mvj-f7w8-pvh2 https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-6484 https://github.com/rubysec/ruby-advisory-db/blob/master/gems/bootstrap-sass/CVE-2024-6484.yml https://github.com/rubysec/ruby-advisory-db/blob/master/gems/bootstrap/CVE-2024-6484.yml https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap https://www.herodevs.com/vulnerability-directory/cve-2024-6484	Bootstrap 3.3.4
•	4.3	CVE-2018-14040	In Bootstrap before 4.1.2, XSS is possible in the collapse data-parent attribute.	bootstrap 3.3.4
•	4.3	CVE-2018-14042	In Bootstrap before 4.1.2, XSS is possible in the data-container property of tooltip.	bootstrap 3.3.4
•	4.3	CVE-2016-10735	In Bootstrap 3.x before 3.4.0 and 4.x-beta before 4.0.0-beta.2, XSS is possible in the data-target attribute, a different vulnerability than CVE-2018-14041.	bootstrap 3.3.4
•	4.3	CVE-2018-20676	In Bootstrap before 3.4.0, XSS is possible in the tooltip data-viewport attribute.	bootstrap 3.3.4
•	4.3	CVE-2018-20677	In Bootstrap before 3.4.0, XSS is possible in the affix configuration target property.	bootstrap 3.3.4
•	4.3	CVE-2018-14041	XSS in data-target property of scrollspy. More details at: https://github.com/advisories/GHSA-pj7m-g53m-7638 https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap/issues/20184	Bootstrap 3.3.4
•	N/A	N/A	Bootstrap before 4.0.0 is end-of-life and no longer maintained. More details at: https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap/issues/20631	Bootstrap 3.3.4

✓ Details

Risk description:

The risk is that an attacker could search for an appropriate exploit (or create one himself) for any of these vulnerabilities and use it to attack the system.

Recommendation:

In order to eliminate the risk of these vulnerabilities, we recommend you check the installed software version and upgrade to the latest version.

Classification:

CWE: CWE-1026

OWASP Top 10 - 2017: A9 - Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities

OWASP Top 10 - 2021: A6 - Vulnerable and Outdated Components

Unsafe security header: Content-Security-Policy

CONFIRMED

URL	Evidence
https://grok-pen- test.snipe- it.io/login	Response headers include the HTTP Content-Security-Policy security header with the following security issues: script-src: 'unsafe-eval' allows the execution of code injected into DOM APIs such as eval(). script-src: 'self' can be problematic if you host JSONP, Angular or user uploaded files. img-src: Allow only resources downloaded over HTTPS. script-src: ''unsafe-inline'' allows the execution of unsafe in-page scripts and event handlers. base-uri: Missing base-uri allows the injection of base tags. They can be used to set the base URL for all rel ative (script) URLs to an attacker controlled domain. We recommend setting it to 'none' or 'self'.
	Request / Response

▼ Details

Risk description:

For example, if the unsafe-inline directive is present in the CSP header, the execution of inline scripts and event handlers is allowed. This can be exploited by an attacker to execute arbitrary JavaScript code in the context of the vulnerable application.

Recommendation:

Remove the unsafe values from the directives, adopt nonces or hashes for safer inclusion of inline scripts if they are needed, and explicitly define the sources from which scripts, styles, images or other resources can be loaded.

References:

 $https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Content_Security_Policy_Cheat_Sheet.html \\ https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/Content-Security_Policy$

Classification:

CWE: CWE-693

OWASP Top 10 - 2017 : A6 - Security Misconfiguration OWASP Top 10 - 2021 : A5 - Security Misconfiguration

Robots.txt file found

CONFIRMED

URL

https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/robots.txt

✓ Details

Risk description:

There is no particular security risk in having a robots.txt file. However, it's important to note that adding endpoints in it should not be considered a security measure, as this file can be directly accessed and read by anyone.

Recommendation:

We recommend you to manually review the entries from robots.txt and remove the ones which lead to sensitive locations in the website (ex. administration panels, configuration files, etc).

References:

https://www.theregister.co.uk/2015/05/19/robotstxt/

Classification:

OWASP Top 10 - 2017: A6 - Security Misconfiguration OWASP Top 10 - 2021: A5 - Security Misconfiguration

Server software and technology found

UNCONFIRMED] 1

Software / Version	Category	
BT Bootstrap Table	JavaScript libraries	

iQuery UI 1.14.0	JavaScript libraries
List.js	JavaScript libraries
Nginx	Web servers, Reverse proxies
php PHP	Programming languages
<u>Lo</u> Lodash 4.17.21	JavaScript libraries
B Bootstrap 3.3.4	UI frameworks
	JavaScript libraries
© jQuery 3.5.1	JavaScript libraries
Laravel Laravel	Web frameworks
♦ Select2	JavaScript libraries
Webpack	Miscellaneous
w Chart.js	JavaScript graphics
♦ HSTS	Security

✓ Details

Risk description:

The risk is that an attacker could use this information to mount specific attacks against the identified software type and version.

Recommendation:

We recommend you to eliminate the information which permits the identification of software platform, technology, server and operating system: HTTP server headers, HTML meta information, etc.

References

 $https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/stable/4-Web_Application_Security_Testing/01-Information_Gathering/02-Fingerprint_Web_Server.html$

Classification:

OWASP Top 10 - 2017: A6 - Security Misconfiguration OWASP Top 10 - 2021: A5 - Security Misconfiguration

Screenshot:

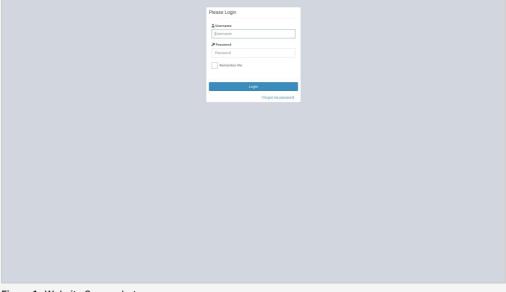


Figure 1. Website Screenshot

Login Interface Found

CONFIRMED

URL Evidence

▼ Details

Risk description:

The risk is that an attacker could use this interface to mount brute force attacks against known passwords and usernames combinations leaked throughout the web.

Recommendation:

Ensure each interface is not bypassable using common knowledge of the application or leaked credentials using occasional password audits.

References:

https://pentest-tools.com/network-vulnerability-scanning/password-auditor http://capec.mitre.org/data/definitions/16.html

Screenshot:

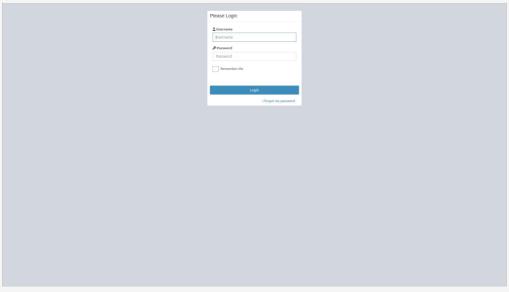


Figure 2. Login Interface

HTTP OPTIONS enabled

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URL	Method	Summary
https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/login	OPTIONS	We did a HTTP OPTIONS request. The server responded with a 200 status code and the header: Allow: GET, HEAD, POST Request / Response

✓ Details

Risk description:

The only risk this might present nowadays is revealing debug HTTP methods that can be used on the server. This can present a danger if any of those methods can lead to sensitive information, like authentication information, secret keys.

Recommendation:

We recommend that you check for unused HTTP methods or even better, disable the OPTIONS method. This can be done using your webserver configuration.

References

 $https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/iis-support-blog/http-options-and-default-page-vulnerabilities/ba-p/1504845 \\ https://docs.nginx.com/nginx-management-suite/acm/how-to/policies/allowed-http-methods/$

Classification:

Authentication complete: Recorded method.

URL

https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/

▼ Details

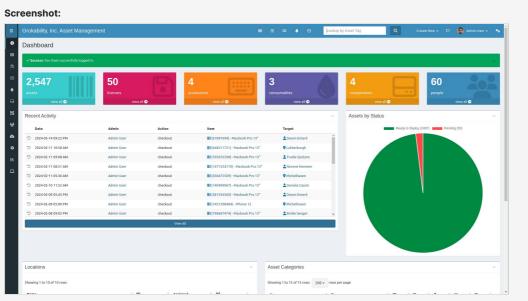


Figure 3. Authentication sequence result

Spider results

URL	Method	Page Title	Page Size	Status Code
https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/	GET	Dashboard :: Grokability,	115.37 KB	200
https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/login	GET	Dashboard :: Grokability,	115.37 KB	200

▼ Details

Risk description:

The table contains all the unique pages the scanner found. The duplicated URLs are not available here as scanning those is considered unnecessary

Recommendation:

We recommend to advanced users to make sure the scan properly detected most of the URLs in the application.

References

All the URLs the scanner found, including duplicates (available for 90 days after the scan date)

Cloud Hosted URLs

URL	Cloud Provider	Found at URL
https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/reports/custom	AWS	https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/login

▼ Details

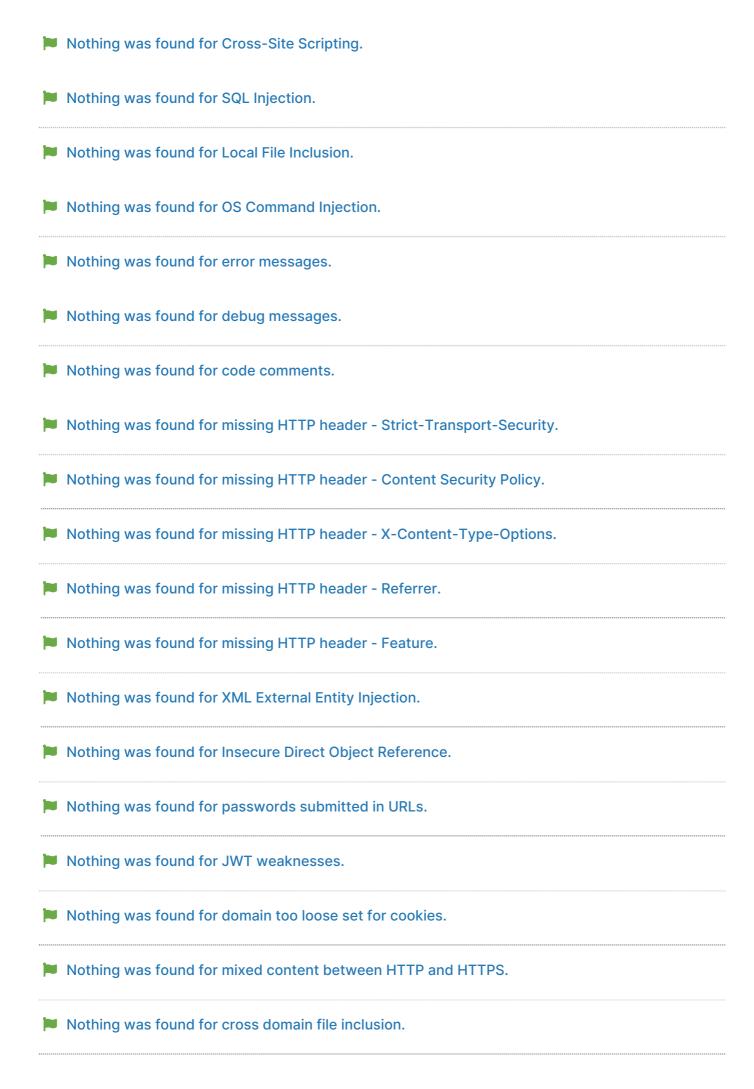
Risk description:

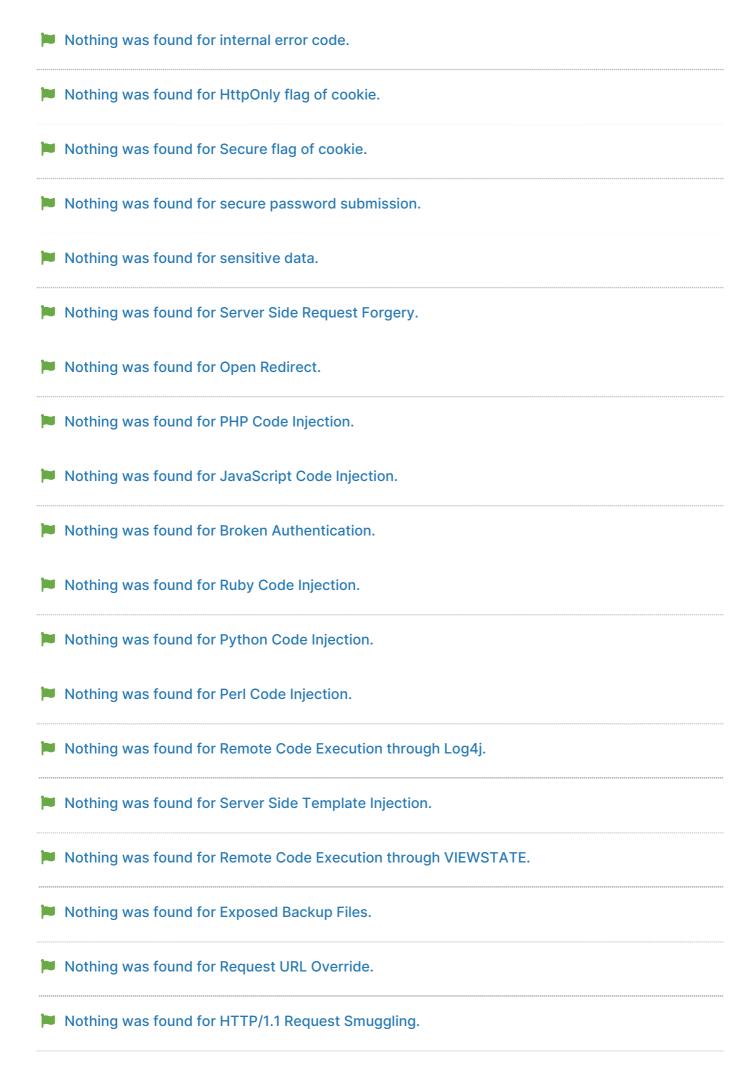
The risk is that publicly accessible web addresses hosted in the cloud can expose sensitive information. If access to these resources is not carefully configured, it makes it easier for attackers to gain unauthorized access and cause data breaches.

Recommendation:

We recommend you to implement strong access controls and conduct regular security checks to protect these URLs. Ensure compliance with best practices to protect sensitive data.

	Website is accessible.
Þ	Nothing was found for client access policies.
	Nothing was found for absence of the security.txt file.
	Outdated JavaScript libraries were merged into server-side software vulnerabilities.
þ	Nothing was found for CORS misconfiguration.
	Nothing was found for use of untrusted certificates.
	Nothing was found for enabled HTTP debug methods.
	Nothing was found for sensitive files.
Þ	Nothing was found for administration consoles.
Þ	Nothing was found for interesting files.
Þ	Nothing was found for information disclosure.
Þ	Nothing was found for software identification.
Þ	Searching for URLs in Wayback Machine.
Þ	Nothing was found for GraphQL endpoints.
×	Nothing was found for secure communication.
Þ	Nothing was found for directory listing.
	Nothing was found for passwords submitted unencrypted.





Nothing was found for CSRF
 Nothing was found for NoSQL Injection.
 Nothing was found for Insecure Deserialization.
 Nothing was found for Session Fixation.
 Nothing was found for OpenAPI files.
 Nothing was found for file upload.
 Nothing was found for SQL statement in request parameter.
 Nothing was found for password returned in later response.
 Nothing was found for Path Disclosure.
 Nothing was found for Session Token in URL.

Scan coverage information

List of tests performed (74/74)

- ✓ Starting the scan...
- Trying to authenticate...
- Checking for login interfaces...
- ✓ Checking for unsafe HTTP header Content Security Policy...
- ✓ Spidering target...
- Scanning for cloud URLs on target...
- Checking for website technologies...
- Checking for vulnerabilities of server-side software...
- Checking for client access policies...
- Checking for robots.txt file...
- Checking for absence of the security.txt file...
- Checking for outdated JavaScript libraries...
- Checking for CORS misconfiguration...
- Checking for use of untrusted certificates...
- Checking for enabled HTTP debug methods...
- Checking for sensitive files...
- Checking for administration consoles...
- Checking for interesting files... (this might take a few hours)
- ✓ Checking for information disclosure... (this might take a few hours)
- Checking for software identification...
- Searching for URLs in Wayback Machine...
- Checking for enabled HTTP OPTIONS method...
- Checking for GraphQL endpoints...
- Checking for secure communication...
- Checking for directory listing...
- Checking for passwords submitted unencrypted...
- Checking for Cross-Site Scripting...
- Checking for SQL Injection...
- Checking for Local File Inclusion...
- Checking for OS Command Injection...

- Checking for error messages...
- Checking for debug messages...
- Checking for code comments...
- Checking for missing HTTP header Strict-Transport-Security...
- Checking for missing HTTP header Content Security Policy...
- Checking for missing HTTP header X-Content-Type-Options...
- Checking for missing HTTP header Referrer...
- Checking for missing HTTP header Feature...
- Checking for XML External Entity Injection...
- Checking for Insecure Direct Object Reference...
- Checking for passwords submitted in URLs...
- Checking for JWT weaknesses...
- Checking for domain too loose set for cookies...
- Checking for mixed content between HTTP and HTTPS...
- Checking for cross domain file inclusion...
- Checking for internal error code...
- Checking for HttpOnly flag of cookie...
- Checking for Secure flag of cookie...
- Checking for secure password submission...
- Checking for sensitive data...
- Checking for Server Side Request Forgery...
- ✓ Checking for Open Redirect...
- Checking for PHP Code Injection...
- Checking for JavaScript Code Injection...
- Checking for Broken Authentication...
- Checking for Ruby Code Injection...
- ✓ Checking for Python Code Injection...
- Checking for Perl Code Injection...
- Checking for Remote Code Execution through Log4j...
- Checking for Server Side Template Injection...
- Checking for Remote Code Execution through VIEWSTATE...
- ✓ Checking for Exposed Backup Files...
- Checking for Request URL Override...
- ✓ Checking for HTTP/1.1 Request Smuggling...
- Checking for CSRF
- Checking for NoSQL Injection...
- Checking for Insecure Deserialization...
- Checking for Session Fixation...
- Checking for OpenAPI files...
- Checking for file upload...
- Checking for SQL statement in request parameter...
- Checking for password returned in later response...
- Checking for Path Disclosure...
- Checking for Session Token in URL...

Scan parameters

https://grok-pen-test.snipe-it.io/login Target:

Scan type: Deep_scan_default

Authentication: True

Scan stats

Unique Injection Points Detected: 2 URLs spidered: 2 Total number of HTTP requests: 16913 Average time until a response was 328ms received:

Total number of HTTP request errors: